Central School/ 1910 Building/ Town Offices

West Newbury's decision in 1909 to build a new Central School—the most consequential municipal building since Town Hall's construction in 1842—was a testament to civic pride and investment in the future. It was also, like many school building projects, a reluctant acknowledgement that deplorable existing conditions made action unavoidable. Inevitably, intervening events made the building an imperfect solution to the Town's educational needs, though always a commanding structure adaptable to new purposes.

In the early 1900s the state began urging consideration of lighting, heating, plumbing/hygiene, and ventilation in schools. Although the high school had been remodeled, the grammar school and one-room schoolhouses for elementary students met few or none of these criteria. The Town's 1903 Annual Report conceded "universally poor" conditions, yet offered that the windows and doors were "not so tightly fitted as to prevent fresh air from coming in."

By 1909, the school superintendent reported that the grammar school was "utterly unfit for use and should be discarded," while the one-room schools were not much better. He concluded, "To properly provide for its pupils the town needs a new modern building, centrally located, with ample grounds, and having room enough not only for the present needs but also to provide for a probable increase in the number of pupils." A prominent committee convened; in short order, an impressive Central School was designed by architects Ashton & Huntress and put out to bid.

When opened to grades 1-9 on September 4, 1910, the <u>Central School</u> contained four large rooms on each floor, and separate boys' and girls' entrances. From the outset, not all was ideal. Getting children to and from a central school, for instance, was not adequately addressed. In 1911, the omission of transportation costs in the budget had to be rectified at the <u>Fall Town Meeting</u>, and, the <u>"existing condition of back roads"</u> made it infeasible to close schoolhouse #9 (at the southwest corner of <u>Turkey Hill Road and what is now Pikes Bridge trail</u>) until 1930.

Ensuing years saw improvements and repairs—and disaster. Electric wiring was introduced and the heating system upgraded in 1915; first floor ceilings, which threatened to fall, were repaired in 1921. In

1930, after the high school was finally condemned, the <u>building was remodeled</u> so that grades 1-6 were on the first floor, grades 7-12 on the second.

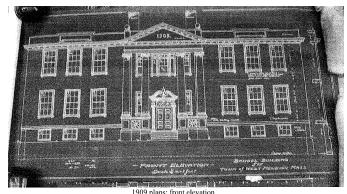
At 7:10 p.m. on November 15, 1938, neighbors heard an explosion. In the west side of the Central School's basement, an arsonist (never identified) used kerosine to set a fire that gutted the building and sent the Town scrambling to find makeshift classrooms for 200 students. The remodeled building reopened in May, 1939 with improved heating, lighting, ventilation, fire protection, and other amenities.

Overcrowding, first an issue in 1915, waxed and waned with the Town's population until 1951, when it became so serious that the high school students were sent to Newburyport—and then, in 1958, to the new Pentucket High School. In 1965, when the Central School again became too crowded, a one-story sixroom addition, as well as a gym/cafeteria (now the Annex) was built at the back. After the Town bought the Pipestave complex, grades 3-6 moved to the Page School in 1974. Municipal services began using the building—notably the police in the basement between 1982-1997.

The Central School ceased being a school building in 1985, when the remaining grades joined the others at Page School. The Annex was converted to a community center, and in 1992, the classrooms at the back became elderly housing. Although remodeled in 1997 to better accommodate the senior center and Town offices (and at that time renamed the 1910 Building), the former school building retains its original chalk boards and classroom clocks.

The old school building at 381 Main Street remains a commanding presence in Town. According to a 1956 history of the Central School, "From the classrooms and the lawn below, one views to the west a panorama of unmatched beauty, the ... Merrimack and in the farther distance the highlands of old New Hampshire. At the rear, guarded by Archelaus, one sees the rising farmlands of West Newbury.... This beautiful school, built by Albert W. Wales on a well chosen site, has seen many changes.... With all these changes, the importance of improved educational opportunity in this rapidly changing world is universally accepted."

Central School/ 1910 Building/ Town Offices



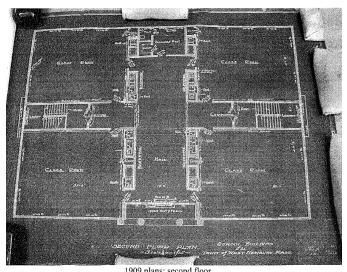
Source of images above, at right, and below:

Historic Sites Survey of the Central School

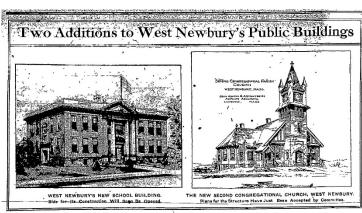


typical office - note the original blackboards

Source below: 11/1983 Haverhill Gazette clipping, Town Offices basement collection



1909 plans: second floor



WEST NEWBURY'S NEW SCHOOL BUILDING

ONE OF BURNED CLASSROOMS



FIRE MOUNTED HERE



Source above: Newburyport Daily News



Source above: Postcard, collection Cavanaugh